

PANJAB UNIVERSITY CHANDIGARH



(Established under the Panjab University Act VII of 1947-
Enacted by the Government of India)

PROSPECTUS

**PU- B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) and B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.) MIGRATION
ENTRANCE TEST-2023 TO BE HELD ON 21-01-2024
Time 10:00 a.m. to 12:00 noon**

For Migration to:

- University Institute of Legal Studies, Panjab University, Chandigarh. (UILS, Chandigarh)
- University Institute of Laws, Panjab University Regional Centre, Ludhiana. (PURC, Ludhiana)
- University Institute of Legal Studies, Panjab University Swami Sarvanand Giri Regional Centre, Bajwara, Hoshiarpur. (PUSSGRC, Hoshiarpur)

**Last date for submission of information on the website to generate the
Login & Password: 07.01.2024 (Sunday)**

Website: <http://uglawmigration.puchd.ac.in>

Fee (Non-refundable/non-transferable):

General Category: Rs.5000/-
SC/ST/PwD : Rs.2500/-

PANJAB UNIVERSITY ANTHEM

<p>तमसो मा ज्योतिर्गमयः तमसो मा ज्योतिर्गमयः तमसो मा ज्योतिर्गमयः तमसो मा ज्योतिर्गमयः पंजाब विश्वविद्यालय तेरी शान-ओ-शौकत सदा रहे मन में तेरा आदर मान और मोहब्बत सदा रहे पंजाब विश्वविद्यालय तेरी शान-ओ-शौकत सदा रहे तू है अपना भविष्य विधाता पंख बिना परवाज़ सिखाता जीवन पुस्तक रोज़ पढ़ा कर सही गलत की समझ बढ़ाता जीवन पुस्तक रोज़ पढ़ा कर सही गलत की समझ बढ़ाता तेरी जय का शंख बजायें रौशन तारे बन जायें वखरी तेरी शोहरत तेरी शोहरत सदा सदा रहे पंजाब विश्वविद्यालय तेरी शान-ओ-शौकत सदा रहे पंजाब विश्वविद्यालय तेरी शान-ओ-शौकत सदा रहे तमसो मा ज्योतिर्गमयः तमसो मा ज्योतिर्गमयः</p>	<p>Tamso ma jyotirgamaya Tamso ma jyotirgamaya Tamso ma jyotirgamaya Tamso ma jyotirgamaya Panjab vishaw vidyalaya Teri shaan-o-shauqat sada rahe Mann mein tera aadar maan Aur mohabbat sada rahe Panjab vishaw vidyalaya Teri shaan-o-shauqat sada rahe Tu hai apna bhavishya vidhata Pankh bina parwaaz sikhata Jeevan pustak roz padha kar Sahi galat ki samajh badhata Jeevan pustak roz padha kar Sahi galat ki samajh badhata Teri jai ka shankh bajayein Roshan tare ban jaayein Vakhari teri shohrat Teri shohrat sada sada rahe Panjab vishaw vidyalaya Teri shaan-o-shauqat sada rahe Panjab vishaw vidyalaya Teri shaan-o-shauqat sada rahe Tamso ma jyotirgamaya Tamso ma jyotirgamaya</p>
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B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) and B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.) MIGRATION
ENTRANCE TEST – 2023

Contents	Page No.
Number of Seats	4-5
Important Notes	6
Eligibility Condition, Schemes of Test	7-10
General Rules	11-15
Instructions for giving answers on OMR Answer Sheet	16
Sample Questions	17-40
Important Dates/ Information	41
List of papers to be checked by the candidates applying for migration (ANNEXURE I)	42-46

Published by: Prof. Jagat Bhushan, Controller of Examinations, Panjab University, Chandigarh

PANJAB UNIVERSITY, CHANDIGARH
Number of Vacant Seats Available in B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) and
B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.) Courses*

Course	Name of the Departments offering the Course: and where the forms for migration after qualifying the entrance Test need to be submitted	No. of Vacant Seats
B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) 3rd Semester	University Institute of Legal Studies, P.U., Chandigarh.	7
	UIL, P.U., Regional Centre, Ludhiana (Punjab).	7
	UILS, Panjab University Swami Sarvanand Giri Regional Centre, Bajwara, Hoshiarpur.	11

Course	Name of the Departments offering the Course: and where the forms for migration after qualifying the entrance Test need to be submitted	No. of Vacant Seats
B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) 5th Semester	University Institute of Legal Studies, P.U., Chandigarh.	1
	UIL, P.U., Regional Centre, Ludhiana (Punjab).	8
	UILS, Panjab University Swami Sarvanand Giri Regional Centre, Bajwara, Hoshiarpur.	5

Course	Name of the Departments offering the Course: and where the forms for migration after qualifying the entrance Test need to be submitted	No. of Vacant Seats
B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) 7th Semester	University Institute of Legal Studies, P.U., Chandigarh.	1
	UIL, P.U., Regional Centre, Ludhiana (Punjab).	Nil
	UILS, Panjab University Swami Sarvanand Giri Regional Centre, Bajwara, Hoshiarpur.	12

Course	Name of the Departments offering the Course: and where the forms for migration after qualifying the entrance Test need to be submitted	No. of vacant Seats
B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.) 3rd Semester	University Institute of Legal Studies, P.U., Chandigarh.	13

Course	Name of the Departments offering the Course: and where the forms for migration after qualifying the entrance Test need to be submitted	No. of vacant Seats
B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.) 5th Semester	University Institute of Legal Studies, P.U., Chandigarh.	14

Course	Name of the Departments offering the Course: and where the forms for migration after qualifying the entrance Test need to be submitted	No. of vacant Seats
B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.) 7th Semester	University Institute of Legal Studies, P.U., Chandigarh.	1

* Number of vacant seats may vary at the time of migration if needed (as per the vacancy).

Enquiry Nos.:

The following functionaries may be contacted only in case of extremely urgent enquiry from 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m. (on working days only)

1	University Institute of Legal Studies, Chandigarh	0172-2541577,2534158
2	UIL,PURC, Ludhiana	0161-2443830 Fax: 0161-2449558
3	UILS, Hoshiarpur	PUSSGRC, 01882-282617, 282618 Fax: 01882-282221

Important Notes

1. The Fee for **PU-B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) and B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.) Migration Entrance Test** is **Rs. 5000/- (Rs. 2500/- for SC/ST/PwD)** candidates. **The fee for the Entrance Test once paid shall not be refunded.**
2. Class B/C Regular Employee of PU must send the copy of printout of their Entrance Test Form along with Performa for claiming 50% concession to P.U. Regular Employees ("B" and "C" Class) duly signed by Head/Chairperson, to Assistant Registrar, CET Cell, Aruna Ranjit Chandra, Hall, Panjab University, Chandigarh-160014 by registered post/speed post or by hand on or before 16.01.2024 (Tuesday) upto 4:00 PM.
3. The Entrance Test will be of **2 Hours with 120 MCQs of one mark each.** There shall be **no negative marking** for wrong answers.
4. Qualifying an Entrance Test does not entitle a candidate to seek admission in a course on migration basis.
5. The result of the Entrance Test will be available on <http://results.puchd.ac.in>. No separate Result Card will be issued.
6. The University will publish Merit List of the candidates on the basis of attainment of a **minimum of 15% (cut off)** marks of aggregate of maximum marks in the Entrance Test taken as a whole.
7. Candidates securing equal marks in the Final Merit List shall be bracketed together. However, their inter-se merit rank shall be determined as under:-
 - i. A candidate getting higher percentage of marks in previous semesters (i.e. for 3rd Semester marks of 1st and 2nd Semesters, for 5th Semester – marks of 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Semesters) and for 7th Semester – marks of 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th Semesters) of B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) and B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.) shall rank higher in order of merit.
 - ii. If the marks, as mentioned in (i) are also the same then the candidate obtaining higher percentage of marks for getting admission in B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) and B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.).
 - iii. If two or more candidates secure equal marks in (i) and (ii) above, candidate senior in age shall rank higher in order of merit.
8. **The final merit for admission shall be computed by the concerned Department/Centre after taking into marks obtained in the entrance test for final merit for admission in respective courses.**
9. **The date-wise schedule of, Tentative Merit List, Provisional Merit list (which will be updated after seeking objections, if any); Counselling(s), other than the once listed in "Important Dates and Information for Entrance Test" shall be put on the Online Notice Board of the department as well as Physical Notice Board.**

Eligibility Condition and Scheme of Test
B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) and B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.) (Migration Test for
3rd Semester, 5th Semester and 7th Semester)

Eligibility conditions:

1. Migration cannot be claimed as a matter of right.
2. **No migration** shall be allowed in 1st, 2nd, 4th, 6th, 8th, 9th and 10th semesters.
3. **Migration shall be allowed** only in 3rd, 5th and 7th semesters of B.A./B.Com. LL.B (Hons.) 5 years integrated course.
4. **Migration shall be allowed** from B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) to B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) and B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.) to B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.) only.
5. A student migrating from another University/institute must have secured atleast 45% marks in the aggregate in the preceding year/(s).
6. Only those students may be considered eligible to seek migration, who have cleared all the papers of the examinations in which they had appeared from the Institution from which migration is to be sought.
7. Migration shall be done against declared vacant seats of B.A./B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.) and according to the merit prepared on the basis of Entrance Test conducted for migration.
8. No migration shall be allowed if there is difference of more than two papers (not subjects) of the course content taught in the Panjab University and in the institution from which the candidate is seeking migration in the examination of the semester(s) passed by the candidate. The deficient papers be cleared within two consecutive attempts failing which the candidate will not be promoted to the next semester
(The list of previous required papers studied by candidate/s is attached as Annexure-I at pages 44 - 49)
9. Incomplete applications in any form or without the result (for 3rd Semester – 1st and 2nd Semesters, for 5th Semester –1st, 2nd, 3rd & 4th Semesters and 7th Semester –1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th 5th and 6th Semesters) from the migrating University shall stand rejected.
10. Rules and Schedule of late fee as applicable to the students in Panjab University shall be mutatis mutandis applicable to the students who are admitted after migration to the University Institute of Legal Studies, Chandigarh/ Regional Centres irrespective of the date of migration.
11. Student admitted on migration shall pay the amount of fee as per Panjab University rules applicable/revised from time to time. Nonpayment will lead to cancellation of admission.

Scheme of Test and Sample Paper:

- (i) The syllabus for the entrance test shall be based on the P.U. syllabus which the candidates have studied in their previous semesters as per the follow:

3 rd semester	Syllabus of 1 st and 2 nd semester of B.A./B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.) of Panjab University
5 th semester	Syllabus of 3 rd and 4 th semester of B.A./B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.) of Panjab University
7 th semester	Syllabus of 5 th and 6 th semester of B.A./B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.) of Panjab University

- (ii) The question paper shall be of total 120 marks. Each question shall be of 1 mark.
- (iii) There shall be 6 sections of the question paper. Each section shall be of 20 marks.
- (iv) There shall be no negative marking.
- (v) The question paper shall be set from the immediately adjacent previous academic year's syllabus, e.g. if entrance test is being conducted for the session 2023-24. The question paper shall be set from the syllabus of 2022-23 as per the following:

B.A.LL.B. (Hons.)		
3rd Semester	5th Semester	7th Semester
Section-1: (i) English-I (10 marks) (ii) English-II (10 marks)	Section-1: (i) History-III (10 marks) (ii) Legal History (10 marks)	Section-1: Research Methodology (20 marks)
Section-2: (i) History-I (10 marks) (ii) History-II (10 marks)	Section-2: (i) Sociology-III (10 marks) (ii) Political Science-III (10 marks)	Section-2: (i) Law & Social Transformation (10 marks) (ii) Economics-III (10 marks)
Section-3: (i) Political Science-I (10 marks) (ii) Political Science-II (10 marks)	Section-3: (i) Economics-I (10 marks) (ii) Economics-II (10 marks)	Section-3: (i) Indian Penal Code-I (10 marks) (ii) Indian Penal Code-II (10 marks)
Section-4: (i) Sociology-I (10 marks) (ii) Sociology-II (10 marks)	Section-4: English-III (20 marks)	Section-4: (i) Criminal Procedure Code-I (10 marks) (ii) Criminal Procedure Code-II (10 marks)
Section-5: (i) Law of Torts	Section-5: (i) Constitutional	Section-5: (i) Alternate

including Motor Vehicle Accident Act and Consumer Protection (10 marks) (ii) Jurisprudence (10 marks)	(ii) Law-I (10 marks) Constitutional Law-II (10 marks)	Dispute Resolution (10 marks) (ii) Administrative Law (10 marks)
Section-6: (i) Law of Contract (10 marks) (ii) Special Contract (10 marks)	Section-6: (i) Family Law-I (10 marks) (ii) Family Law-II (10 marks)	Section-6: Law of Property (common with Property Law including Transfer of Property Act 1882) (20 marks)

B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.)		
3rd Semester	5th Semester	7th Semester
Section-1: (i) English-I (10 marks) (ii) English-II (10 marks)	Section-1: (i) Cost Accounting (10 marks) (ii) Functional Management (10 marks)	Section-1: Research Methodology (20 marks)
Section-2: (i) Business Economics-I (10 marks) (ii) Business Economics-II (10 marks)	Section-2: (i) Indian Economy (10 marks) (ii) Financial Management (10 marks)	Section-2: (i) Operation Research (10 marks) (ii) Auditing & Secretarial Practice (10 marks)
Section-3: (i) Principles of Financial Accounting (10 marks) (ii) Corporate Accounting (10 marks)	Section-3: (i) Management Concepts & Practices (10 marks) (ii) Entrepreneurship & Small Scale Business (10 marks)	Section-3: (i) Indian Penal Code-I (10 marks) (ii) Indian Penal Code-II (10 marks)

<p>Section-4:</p> <p>(i) Banking & Insurance (10 marks)</p> <p>(ii) Business Mathematics & Statistics (10 marks)</p>	<p>Section-4:</p> <p>English-III (20 marks)</p>	<p>Section-4:</p> <p>(i) Criminal Procedure Code-I (10 marks)</p> <p>(ii) Criminal Procedure Code-II (10 marks)</p>
<p>Section-5:</p> <p>(i) Law of Torts including Motor Vehicle Accident Act and Consumer Protection (10 marks)</p> <p>(ii) Jurisprudence (10 marks)</p>	<p>Section-5:</p> <p>(i) Constitutional Law-I (10 marks)</p> <p>(ii) Constitutional Law-II (10 marks)</p>	<p>Section-5:</p> <p>(i) Alternate Dispute Resolution (10 marks)</p> <p>(ii) Administrative Law (10 marks)</p>
<p>Section-6:</p> <p>(i) Law of Contract (10 marks)</p> <p>(ii) Special Contract (10 marks)</p>	<p>Section-6:</p> <p>(i) Family Law-I (10 marks)</p> <p>(ii) Family Law-II (10 marks)</p>	<p>Section-6:</p> <p>Law of Property (common with Property Law including Transfer of Property Act 1882) (20 marks)</p>

Scheme of Test

- Duration of the Test: 2 Hours
- No. of MCQs: 120
- Total Marks: 120 (1 Mark for each question)

NOTE:

1. **No seats are reserved for any Category (SC/ST/PwD/ BC)**
2. **Final Merit list will be prepared purely on the basis of the entrance test result.**
3. **Categories (SC/ST/PwD) are to be mentioned by the candidates in entrance test Registration Form / Admission Form for getting the benefit of Fee concession (SC/ST/PwD)**
4. **No fee concession will be given to the candidates of BC Category.**

GENERAL RULES

A. FOR ENTRANCE TEST:

1. **The result of the Entrance Test shall, *ipso facto*, not entitle a candidate to get migration in an Institution/Department/Centre concerned where he/she intends to seek migration. It will be the responsibility of the candidate to make sure about his/her eligibility and fulfillment of such other conditions as may be prescribed for migration in the rules and regulations of University/Institution concerned. Merely because a candidate is allowed to appear in the Entrance Test does not mean that he/she is eligible and his/ her appearance therein will not stop or debar the university/ institution concerned from satisfying itself about his/her eligibility at any subsequent stage.**

Notwithstanding anything contained in this prospectus, the eligibility conditions for migration to this course, shall be governed by the respective rules/regulations as enshrined in the P.U. Calendar, Volumes I, II and III (latest editions) and / or the General Guidelines for Admissions/ Handbook of Information-2023 issued by the University and / or decisions of the University Senate/ Syndicate. In case of any conflict or inconsistency between the prospectus on one hand and the aforesaid Panjab University rules and regulations/ guidelines / Handbook of Information-2023 / decisions of Senate/ Syndicate, on the other, the latter shall prevail.

2. The date of **Entrance** Test will be **held on 21-01-2024 (Sunday), from 10:00 a.m. to 12:00 noon** at **CHANDIGARH** only.
3. Once the candidate has submitted the Online Entrance Test Form, **any change** in the Form, including category once marked, shall **not** be allowed.
4. Last date of depositing fee through Online Mode is 09-01-2024 (Tuesday).
5. Last date for completing the Entrance Form including uploading of photograph, specimen of signatures, with rest of the information on the website is 11.01.2024 (Thursday).
6. The fee for the Entrance Test once paid shall not be refunded.
7. Any candidate who submits multiple Online Entrance Test Form for the Migration his/her candidature shall be considered only on the basis of **one Form**.
8. The Admit Cards will be issued to the candidates only provisionally, at their sole risk and responsibility subject to the final confirmation of their eligibility at the time of admission. It is further clarified that the candidates shall be taking the test at their own risk and responsibility as far as their eligibility is concerned and the University shall, in no way, be responsible if they are found to be ineligible, later, **leading to cancellation of their result** or any other consequence(s) emanating from the same.
9. The final date by which Admit Card will be available online will be 16-01-2024 (Tuesday). Admit Card required to be downloaded from the website by the candidate using their own Login and Password. **There will be no physical communication for this purpose.**
10. The candidates shall be admitted to the test only on the production of the Admit Card at the Test Centre. No candidate shall be allowed to take the test

without the Admit Card under any circumstances. The candidates must retain the Admit Card with them till the admission process is over, since it will be required again at the time of counseling.

11. The Question Papers will be available in English medium only.
12. There shall be **No Negative** Marking for Wrong Answers.
13. Special arrangements for amanuensis (writer of answer):
A candidate may be allowed help of an amanuensis (writer) if he/she is:
 - (i) Blind
OR
 - (ii) Permanently disabled from writing with his/her own hand.
 - (iii) Temporarily disabled from writing on account of fracture of the right or left arm, forearm or dislocation of a shoulder elbow or wrist etc. The candidate shall produce a certificate from a Professor of the speciality concerned of a Medical College and where there is no Medical College, from the Chief Medical officer of the District concerned to the effect that the candidate is unable to write his/her answer-books because of the temporary disablement.
14. 40 minutes extra would be given to the visually handicapped/persons with disability (PwD).
15. Every candidate is required to hand over both the **OMR Answer Sheet** and the **Question Booklet** to the Centre Superintendent/Invigilator when the time allowed for the Entrance Test is over, even if she/he has not attempted any question. No page/part of the **Question Booklet/ OMR Answer Sheet** is to be removed/ torn/taken out of the Test Centre under any circumstances, failing which the candidate shall be straight disqualified from the Entrance Test.
16. The candidate must ensure that the answers to the Multiple Choice Questions are attempted on the specifically prescribed OMR Answer Sheet only. No answer attempted on the Question Booklet will be considered for evaluation. Only those questions answered on the OMR sheet shall be taken into account.
17. Rough work, if any, is to be done only in the space provided in the **Question Booklet** and nowhere else. No rough work shall be done on the **OMR Answer Sheet** under any circumstances.
18. **The use of ordinary calculators will be allowed.**
19. No candidate shall be allowed to leave the examination hall/room before the expiry of the time allotted for the respective paper.
20. **Any candidate who carries any telecommunication equipment such as pager, cellular phone, wireless set, Bluetooth device, any other electronic device etc. inside the examination hall shall be expelled from the examination hall & disqualified.**
21. Any candidate having in his/her possession or accessible to him/her paper/books or notes which may possibly be of any assistance to him/her or is found giving or receiving assistance, or copying from any paper/book or note or from anywhere else or allowing any other candidate to copy from his/her answer book or found writing on any other paper, questions set in the question paper, during examination or using or attempting to use any other unfair means or indulging in any kind of misconduct shall be expelled from the examination hall. (**"Expulsion" for this purpose would mean**

- cancellation of the Entire Entrance Test).** The Centre Superintendent/Observer/any other authorized University Officer/Official shall be competent to expel a candidate from the examination centre.
22. The candidates must bring their own stationary items such as **Black Gel Pen. Borrowing of material inside the Test Centre is strictly prohibited.**
 23. Candidates are not allowed to carry eatables, drinks etc. into the Test Centre. Smoking inside and around the Centre is not permitted.
 24. Any candidate who creates disturbance of any kind during examination or otherwise misbehaves in or around the examination hall or refuses to obey the Superintendent/Deputy Superintendent/Assistant Superintendent /any other official on examination duty or changes his/her seat with any other candidate or occupies any seat, other than the one allotted to him/her shall be expelled from the examination hall. (**"Expulsion" for this purpose would mean cancellation of the Entire Entrance Test).** The Centre Superintendent/Observer/any other authorized University Officer/Official shall be competent to expel a candidate from the examination centre.
 25. If Answer Sheet of a candidate shows or it is otherwise established that he/she has received or attempted to receive help from any source in any manner or has given help or attempted to give help to any other candidate in any manner, the relevant Answer Sheet shall be cancelled. The cancellation of the Answer Sheet shall mean cancellation of all Answer Sheets of the Common Entrance Test. The decision of the Controller of Examinations, Panjab University, Chandigarh in this regard shall be final.
 26. **If a candidate writes his/her name or puts any kind of identification mark or discloses his/her identity by any method whatsoever on the cover or anywhere else in the Question Booklet/Answer Sheet, the same shall be treated as cancelled. The cancellation of the Answer Sheet shall mean cancellation of all Answer Sheets of the Entrance Test. The decision of the Controller of Examinations, Panjab University, Chandigarh in this regard shall be final.**
 27. Where a person impersonates a candidate then both shall be disqualified from appearing in any Panjab University examination for a period of five years including this Entrance Test, if that person is a student on the rolls of a recognised School or College or University. But if the person is not on the rolls of a recognised School or College or University, s/he shall be declared as a person not fit and proper to be admitted to any examination of the Panjab University for a period of 5 years. The case, if necessary, shall also be reported to the police for any further action in the matter.
 28. If it is found that a candidate has knowingly or willfully concealed or suppressed any information/fact which renders him/her ineligible to take the Entrance Test, his/her result of the Test and also admission to a Institution/Department/Centre of the University, if granted, shall stand cancelled and he/she shall have no claim whatsoever against the Institution/Department/Centre concerned and the case, if necessary shall be reported to the police.
 29. If a dispute or controversy of any kind arises before, during or after conduct of Entrance Test, the decision of the **Controller of Examinations, Panjab University, in all such cases, shall be final.**
 30. On 29-01-2024(Monday), Answer Keys will be put on the website <http://exams.puchd.ac.in/show-noticeboard.php>. The candidates can file their objections regarding discrepancies and accuracy of the key, by e-mail to

arcet@pu.ac.in latest by 31.01.2024 (Wednesday). The valid concerns thus expressed will be given due consideration while evaluation.

31. If a candidate wishes to verify his/her result, he/she will be provided a photocopy of his/her answer sheet on **payment of Rs. 10,000/-** within 10 days after the declaration of the entrance test result and the office should process the whole procedure within three working days. In case, a discrepancy is found in the result of the candidate, the result would accordingly be revised and the fee deposited will be refunded.
32. **There shall be no re-evaluation/re-checking/re-assessment of OMR Answer Sheet under any circumstances.** Request for seeing the **Question booklet or OMR Answer-Sheet** by any candidate shall not be entertained at all. The evaluation once done by the university shall be absolutely final.

33. **RESOLVING OF TIES**

Candidates securing equal marks in the Final Merit List shall be bracketed together. However, their inter-se merit rank shall be determined as under:-

- i. A candidate getting higher percentage of marks in previous semesters (i.e. for 3rd Semester marks of Ist and 2nd Semesters, for 5th Semester – marks of 3rd and 4th Semesters and for 7th Semester – marks of 5th and 6th Semesters) of B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) and B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.) shall rank higher in order of merit.
 - ii. If the marks, as mentioned in (i) are also the same then the candidate obtaining higher percentage of marks for getting admission in B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) and B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.).
 - iii. If two or more candidates secure equal marks in (i) and (ii) above, candidate senior in age shall rank higher in order of merit.
34. The result of the Entrance Test will be made available at **<http://results.puchd.ac.in>**
 35. The following functionaries may be contacted only in case of extremely urgent enquiry from 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m. (on working days only)

1	Assistant Registrar (C.E.T.)	0172-2534829
2.	Office Superintendent (C.E.T.)	0172-2534829, 8283823191
3.	Dealing Official (C.E.T.)	9872414298
4.	Controller of Examinations	0172-2534811
5.	P.U., Main Enquiry	0172-2534818, 2534819, 2534866 18001802065

B. FOR ADMISSION:

1. After declaration of Result of Entrance Test, the candidates will have to submit self attested Photostat copies of below mentioned documents at UILS department, Panjab University, Chandigarh on dates to be notified later on.
 - (a) Form of Application filled at the time of registration.
 - (b) Self attested photostat copies of previous results i.e. Detailed Marks Cards.
2. The migration shall be based on the relative merit of the candidates as determined by the marks obtained in the entrance test.
3. The candidates are also required to keep checking the websites of respective departments/institutions:

UILS, Chandigarh – <https://uils.puchd.ac.in/>

UIL, Ludhiana - <https://uil.puchd.ac.in/>

UILS, Hoshiarpur - <https://purch.puchd.ac.in/uils.php>

C. FOR INSTRUCTIONS RELATED TO COUNSELLING

1. Final Merit List of all qualified students and information related to counselling will be displayed on Online-Notice board of respective department/regional centres:

UILS, Chandigarh	https://uils.puchd.ac.in/
UIL, Ludhiana	https://uil.puchd.ac.in/
UILS, Hoshiarpur	https://purch.puchd.ac.in/uils.php

2. A candidate, whose name appears in the Merit List will be required to attend counselling personally according to her/his merit position on the day(s) shown in the counselling schedule listed in “Important Dates and Information for Entrance Test.” The dates of any further counselling(s), if any, will be uploaded on the Online Notice Board of the department concerned. **Physical presence in the counselling is mandatory for all the candidates** on the notified dates. All those candidates who attend the counselling are required to sign the attendance sheet as a mark of their attendance. Only those candidates who report and mark their attendance on the day(s) of counselling shall be considered for admission in the subsequent counselling(s) for the filling up of vacant seats. The candidate must bring alongwith all the original documents.
3. At the time of counselling, the candidate must have in hand all the detailed marks cards **(in original and photostat copies)** of previous semesters of B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) and B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.).
4. The candidate shall attend the counselling for admission at her/his own risk, expense and responsibility.
5. The migration of a candidate shall be **PROVISIONAL** and subject to approval by the appropriate authority of Panjab University.
6. A candidate seeking migration will have to bring his/her documents at the time of counselling as per the requirement mentioned in the Panjab University Calendars.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

ANY MODIFICATION REGARDING PU- B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) and B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.) MIGRATION ENTRANCE TEST - 2023 WILL BE UPLOADED ON THE WEBSITES FROM TIME TO TIME.

Instructions for giving Answers on OMR Answer Sheet

1. All questions are to be attempted on the answer sheet as per instructions printed on the question booklet and OMR Answer Sheet.
2. **The Answer Sheet is designed for computer evaluation. Please follow the instructions given on the answer sheet strictly otherwise it may make evaluation by the computer difficult. Any resultant loss to the candidate on the above account i.e. not following the instructions completely shall be of candidate only.**
3. Each question is followed by four answer choices labeled A, B, C and D. Select the answer you think is the best response and darken the bubble bearing the correct response label against the serial number of the question. For example if you think that the answer to question number 2 is D, then mark as follows:
Q. 2 (A)(B)(C)●

The Answer marked as under shall be considered as wrong:

or
(A)(B)(C)(D) or (A)(B)(C)(D) or (A)(B)(C)(D) or (A)(B)(C)● or

4. For marking answers **use Black Gel Pen only to darken the corresponding circles.**
5. *If you do not want to answer any question, leave all the bubbles corresponding to that question blank. It will be considered as an unattempted question.*
6. Be very careful in filling in the bubble in the first instance since erasing or changing it will spoil the response and go to the disadvantage of the candidate.
7. In order to open the Question Booklet remove the paper band gently.
8. **Write your Roll Number on the answer-sheet as also on the Question Booklet, only in the space provided for the purpose and at no other place in the question Booklet and Answer Sheet.**
9. The use of log tables is permitted, **use of Ordinary Calculator will be allowed.**
10. Rough work, if any, is to be done only in the space provided in the **Question Booklet** and nowhere else. No rough work shall be done on the **OMR Answer Sheet** under any circumstances, failing which the same shall be cancelled.

(An unattempted question means all the bubbles corresponding to that question are left blank).

SAMPLE PAPERS

Sample Question paper for Entrance Test for Migration to 3rd Semester of B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) 2023

Section-I (English-I and English-II)

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 - B) Change is the law of nature.
 - C) Women are used to telling lies.
 - D) People who are losing vision can see what others can't.

2. Which one of the following is not a minimal pair?
 - A) Sit, site
 - B) Time, tame
 - C) New, mew
 - D) Moth, maths

3. Identify the figure of speech in the expression, "Death, thou shall die".
 - A) Rhetoric
 - B) Paradox
 - C) Irony
 - D) Hyperbole

4. Which of the following is a category of 'bores' as per the essay "On Bores"?
 - A) Bloom
 - B) Trip
 - C) Braggart
 - D) Sociable

Section-II (History-I and History-II)

5. Which of the following are the fundamental principles of Jainism?
 - I. Karma
 - II. Ahimsa
 - III. Virag
 - IV. Asteya
 - A) I, II and III
 - B) II, III and IV
 - C) II and IV
 - D) I and IV

6. Which of the following was not required for craft production in Indus Valley Civilisation?
- A) Quartz and Steatite
 - B) Stones like Carmelian
 - C) Metals like Iron
 - D) Burnt Clay
7. Which of the following is true about Feroze Shah Tughluq?
- i. He abolished the non *shariat* taxes.
 - ii. He discarded the practice of proportional *kharaj* and enforced the practice of fixed *kharaj*.
 - iii. He imposed *Jaziyah* on Brahmins.
 - iv. *Iqtas* were made hereditary by him.
- A) I, II, III are true.
 - B) II, III, IV are true
 - C) I, II, IV are true
 - D) I, II, III, IV are true
8. Which of the following was tax on the spoils of war?
- A) Zakat
 - B) Khams
 - C) Jaziyah
 - D) Kharaj

Section-III (Political Science-I and Political Science-II)

9. The word 'Polis' is derived from which language
- A) French
 - B) Spanish
 - C) Latin
 - D) Greek
10. Which Political Thinker has given the concept of "General Will"
- A) Hobbes
 - B) Louke
 - C) Rousseau
 - D) Marx
11. Which political thinker in his theory has talked about the correlation between Rights and Duties
- A) Laski
 - B) Marx
 - C) Locke
 - D) Hobbes

12. "A Theory of Justice" is written by
- A) Nozick
 - B) Marx
 - C) Rawls
 - D) Laski

Section-IV (Sociology-I and Sociology-I)

13. This Stratification is more open:
- A) Caste
 - B) Class
 - C) Community
 - D) Slavery
14. Neither the life of an individual nor the history of a society can be understood without understanding both. Who is responsible for this quote?
- A) Alexander Hamilton
 - B) Thomas Paine
 - C) Wright Mills
 - D) Max Weber
15. The propensity to assess other cultures in light of one's own cultural ideals is referred to as:
- A) Cosmopolitanism
 - B) Accommodation
 - C) Acculturation
 - D) Ethnocentrism
16. Who introduced the concept of Mores?
- A) William I. Thomas
 - B) William F. Ogburn
 - C) William Graham Sumner
 - D) Raynold Williams

Section-V (Law of Torts including Motor Vehicle Accident Act & Consumer Protection and Jurisprudence)

17. Which of the following is an essential ingredient to establish strict liability?
- A) Non natural use of land
 - B) escape of dangerous thing
 - C) negligence of the defendant
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18. The Latin word 'injuria Sine Damnum' literally means
- A) Infringement of legal right without damages

- B) Damages' without infringement of legal right
- C) All the above
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19. Who is the father of Jurisprudence?

- A) Bentham
- B) Aristotle
- C) Wade
- D) Austin

20. Which one from the following is correct?

- A) Possession is 9 points of ownership
- B) Possession is 12 points of ownership
- C) Possession is 7 points of ownership
- D) Possession is 4 points of ownership

Section-VI (Law of Contract and Special Contract

21. Every promise and every set of promises, forming the consideration for each other, is an:

- A) Offer
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- A) Section 45
- B) Section 54
- C) Section 56
- D) Section 65

23. Any guarantee which the creditor has obtained by means of keeping silence as to material circumstances, is:

- A) Invalid
- B) Valid
- C) Legal
- D) Enforceable

24. An injunction cannot be granted:

- A) 1 and 2
- B) 2 and 3
- C) 3 and 1
- D) 1, 2 and 3

Sample Question paper for Entrance Test for Migration to 5th Semester of B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) - 2023

Section-I (History-III and Legal History)

1. Which of the following is true about the treaty of Allahabad:
 - A) It was signed between the British, Mir Qasim and Shuja-ud-Daula.
 - B) It was signed between the British, Mir Jaffar and Shuja-ud-Daula.
 - C) It was signed between the British, Shah Alam and Shuja-ud-Daula.
 - D) It was signed between the British, Shah Alam and Siraj-ud-Daula

2. Who propagated the principle of 'Back to the Vedas':
 - A) Dayanand Saraswati
 - B) Ram Mohun Roy
 - C) Vivekananda
 - D) Annie Besant

3. Which Charter Act provided for a grant of Rs1 lakh every year for the promotion of education in India:
 - A) Charter of 1793
 - B) Charter of 1813
 - C) Charter of 1833
 - D) Charter of 1853

4. Which community got separate representation by the Government of India Act of 1909:
 - A) Hindu
 - B) Buddhists
 - C) Jains
 - D) Muslims

Section-II (Sociology-III and Political Science-III)

5. Universal declaration of Human Rights was passed in:
 - A) 1948
 - B) 1946
 - C) 1949
 - D) 1945

6. The Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005 defines domestic violence as:
- A) Physical Abuse
 - B) Verbal and Emotional Abuse
 - C) Sexual Abuse and Economic Abuse
 - D) All of the above
7. The political system of Britain is:
- A) Parliamentary
 - B) Presidential
 - C) Military
 - D) Federal
8. The concept of “Rule of Law” is given by:
- A) Plato
 - B) Aristotle
 - C) Marx
 - D) Dicey

Section-III (Economics-I and Economics-II)

9. MRTS_x for y is
- A) Marginal rate of technical substitution of x for y
 - B) same as MRS_x for y
 - C) a false concept
 - D) used in indifference curve analysis
10. Supply of labour Curve in Keynesian theory of income, output and employment determination starts from the origin
- A) True
 - B) False
 - C) There is no such specific curve in Keynesian Economics
 - D) None of the above
11. Low pricing below the cost of production of the goods sold by the public sector was one of the reasons for the failure of the public sector in India.
- A) False
 - B) True
 - C) It is a vague statement
 - D) None of the above
12. India now follows a fixed rate of exchange system:
- A) True
 - B) False

- C) There is no such system
- D) None of the above

Section-IV (English-III)

13. Why should the students of law study literature:
- A) To become better human beings
 - B) To learn empathy and sympathy
 - C) To be more proficient in language
 - D) All of the above
14. Which of the following word doesn't mean the same as trifle
- A) Insignificant
 - B) Trivial
 - C) Knick-Knack
 - D) Significant

Section-V (Constitutional Law-I and Constitutional Law-II)

15. Which one from the followings is not in sequence:
- A) Liberty of thought, expression, belief, faith and worship
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16. Article 15(6) and 16(6) is added in the constitution by which amendment:
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18. Constituencies are created by _____ Committee of the Elections Commission:
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- A) Restitution of Conjugal rights
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22. Which section of the Hindu minority and Guardianship Act, 1956 deals with rules regarding “natural guardians of and Hindu Minors”:
- A) Section 4
 - B) Section 5
 - C) Section 6
 - D) Section 7

**Sample Question paper for Entrance Test for Migration to 7th
Semester of B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) – 2023
Section-I (Research Methodology)**

1. Research can be classified as:
 - A) Quantitative and Qualitative
 - B) Basic and Applied
 - C) Historical and Experimental
 - D) All of the above

2. Bibliography given in a research paper/report:
 - A) Shows vast knowledge
 - B) Has no relevance to research
 - C) Helps those interested in further research
 - D) None of the Above

Section-II (Law & Social Transformation and Economics-III)

3. Law as a social engineering theory given by:
 - A) Kelson
 - B) Austin
 - C) Roscoe Pound
 - D) Hart

4. Child abuse includes:
 - A) Physical Abuse
 - B) Sexual Abuse
 - C) Neglect
 - D) All of the above

5. Rising concept of welfare state has caused an increase in the public Expenditure:
 - A) False
 - B) True
 - C) It is vague statement
 - D) None of the above

6. Concept of vicious circle of poverty was given by:
 - A) Wicksell
 - B) Marshall
 - C) Nurkse
 - D) None of the above

Section-III (Indian Penal Code-I and Indian Penal Code-II)

7. Which of the following questions is not properly matched:

A) Mehboob Shah versus Emperor	Common Intention
B) Basdev versus State of Pepsu	Abetment
C) Naushad versus State of UP	Consent
D) Rupan Deol Bajaj versus KPS Gill	Trivial Act

8. What is not true about offence of sedition:
- It is offence against State
 - Section was inserted in IPC in 1870
 - It was abolished by 42nd amendment of constitution
 - The word “disaffection” used in section means feeling of disloyalty and enmity
9. Removal of ornaments from a dead body lying near a road amount to:
- No offence
 - Theft
 - Robbery
 - Criminal Misappropriation
10. Landmark case related to clause 3 of section 300 is:
- Reg versus Govinda
 - Virsa Singh versus State of Punjab
 - Inder Singh Bagga Singh versus State of Pepsu
 - Sakshi versus Union of India

Section-IV (Criminal Procedure Code-I and Criminal Procedure Code-II)

11. Bail is provided under which provision of CrPc:
- Section 427
 - Section 436
 - Section 435
 - Section 456
12. What is the maximum period of detention allowed for police custody without court order:
- 12 hours
 - 48 hours
 - 24 hours
 - 72 hours
13. Which provision deals with Plea Bargaining:
- Section 269 A CrPc
 - Section 265B CrPc
 - Section 236 N CrPc
 - Section 287 B CrPc
14. The Plea Autrefois Acquit arises when:

- A) A person is acquitted again for an offence
- B) A person is convicted again for an offence
- C) A person is tried again for the same offence
- D) None of them

Section-V (Alternate Dispute Resolution and Administrative Law)

15. Which of the following is an accurate statement of the courts powers in relation to Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR):
- A) The court can force parties to engage in ADR
 - B) The court cannot force parties to engage in ADR and has no power to sanction them for failing to do so
 - C) The court cannot force parties to engage in ADR but does have the power to sanction them for failing to do so
 - D) None of the options given is correct
16. A conciliator is appointed:
- A) By the parties to the dispute
 - B) By the Chief Justice of the high court
 - C) By the Civil Court
 - D) None of the above
17. Which statement is INCORRECT? The principles of natural justice
- A) Depend upon the facts and circumstances of each particular case and its application depends upon the nature of the jurisdiction conferred on the administrative authority, upon the character of the rights of the persons affected, the scheme and policy of the statute and other relevant circumstances disclosed in a particular case
 - B) Enables the Judiciary to act as the custodian of the Constitution by defending its principles.
 - C) Rules of natural justice are embodied always expressly in a statute or in rules framed there under.
 - D) Serves as a redressal mechanism for any grievances related to unfairness of a decision by law.
18. Administrative law is the law relating to the powers and procedures of administrative bodies, particularly the right to judicial review of administrative acts .Tick the INCORRECT answer in case of Judicial review of administrative action:
- A) A court of law is not exercising appellate power and it cannot substitute its opinion for the opinion of the authority deciding the matter
 - B) The grounds for judicial review in India are Jurisdictional Error, Irrationality, Procedural Impropriety, Proportionality, and Legitimate Expectation.
 - C) Judicial review is concerned with reviewing not the merits of the decision in support of which the application for judicial review is made, but the decision-making process itself.

- D) The scope of judicial review of administrative action is very broad and the judicial review jurisdiction is not supervisory rather it empowers the courts to come to a different opinion as to the administrative action under review and decide the case on merits.

Section-VI (Law of Property (common with Property Law Including Transfer of Property Act 1882))

19. The Transfer of Property Act 1882 received the assent of the Governor General on:
- A) 17th February, 1882
 - B) 18th February, 1882
 - C) 19th February, 1882
 - D) 20th February, 1882
20. The Transfer of Property Act 1882 came into force:
- A) 15th July, 1882
 - B) 20th July, 1882
 - C) 1st July, 1882
 - D) 18th July, 1882

**Sample Question paper for Entrance Test for Migration to 3rd
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4. Which of the following is a category of 'bores' as per the essay "On Bores"?
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Section-II (Business Economics-I and Business Economics-II)

5. Compensated demand curve is based upon which effect:
 - A) Price Effect
 - B) Income Effect
 - C) Substitution Effect
 - D) Snob Effect

6. Which condition is being satisfied at shutdown point:
 - A) $AR > AVC$
 - B) $AR = AVC$
 - C) $AR < AVC$
 - D) None of the above

7. Cambridge version of quantity theory of money can be associated to the economist:
- A) J. M. Keynes
 - B) Irving Fisher
 - C) Alfred Marshall
 - D) None of the above
8. Which of the following measures is not a monetary measure under monetary policy to control inflation:
- A) Public Debt
 - B) Bank Rate
 - C) Marginal Requirement
 - D) Cash Reserve Ratio

Section-III (Principles of Financial Accounting and Corporate Accounting)

9. Which of following is correct:
- A) Profit Increases capital
 - B) Profit reduces capital
 - C) Profit does not alter capital
 - D) Capital can only come from profit
10. Depreciation is calculated under diminishing value method on:
- A) Original value
 - B) Book value
 - C) Scrap value
 - D) None
11. Ordinary shares are also called:
- A) Equity Shares
 - B) Founder's Shares
 - C) Deferred Shares
 - D) Preference Shares
12. Minimum number of members in case of public company is:
- A) 4
 - B) 5
 - C) 6
 - D) 7

Section-IV (Banking & Insurance and Business Mathematics & Statistics)

13. Which principle of Insurance is based upon the idea of 'to step into shoes of others':
- A) Indemnity
 - B) Subrogation
 - C) Utmost good faith
 - D) None of the above
14. The rate at which Reserve Bank of India lends to commercial banks through purchase of securities is called:
- A) Repo Rate
 - B) Bank Rate
 - C) Reverse Repo Rate
 - D) Cash Reserve Ratio
15. Which of the following is not a mathematical average:
- A) Arithmetic Mean
 - B) Harmonic Mean
 - C) Median
 - D) None of the above
16. There is possibility of single regression line in case of two variables X and Y, when:
- A) $r_{xy} = 0$
 - B) $r_{xy} = + 0.90$
 - C) $r_{xy} = - 1$
 - D) $r_{xy} = - 0.90$

Section-V (Law of Torts including Motor Vehicle Accident Act & Consumer Protection and Jurisprudence)

17. Which of the following is an essential ingredient is an ingredient to establish strict liability?
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21. Every promise and every set of promises, forming the consideration for each other, is an:
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Sample Question paper for Entrance Test for Migration to 5th Semester of B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.) - 2023

Section-I (Cost Accounting and Functional Management)

1. Which of these is not an objective of Cost Accounting:
 - A) Ascertainment of Cost
 - B) Determination of Selling Price
 - C) Cost Control and Cost Reduction
 - D) Assisting Shareholders in decision making

2. Which of these is not a Material Control Technique:
 - A) ABC Analysis
 - B) Fixation of Raw Material Levels
 - C) Maintaining Stores Ledger
 - D) Control over slow moving and non-moving items

3. Which of the following is NOT an element of the marketing mix:
 - A) Distribution
 - B) Product
 - C) Target Market
 - D) Pricing

4. Political campaigns are generally examples of:
 - A) Cause Marketing
 - B) Organization Marketing
 - C) Event Marketing
 - D) Person Marketing

Section-II (Indian Economy and Financial Management)

5. Which of the following is not an Institutional reform in agricultural sector in India:
 - A) Use of HYV seeds
 - B) Abolition of Zamindari System
 - C) Co-operative Farming
 - D) Tenancy Reform

6. The year of Great divide in demography structure of India was:
 - A) 1911
 - B) 1951
 - C) 1921
 - D) None of the above

7. Focus of financial management is mainly concerned with the decision related to:
- A) Financing
 - B) Investing
 - C) Dividend
 - D) All of the above
8. The shareholder value maximisation model holds that the primary goal of the firm is to maximise its:
- A) Accounting Profit
 - B) Liquidity
 - C) Market Value
 - D) Working Capital

Section-III (Management Concepts & Practices and Entrepreneurship & Small Scale Business)

9. Management _____ in order to achieve the goals:
- A) Registers Trademark
 - B) Develops Tactics
 - C) Formulates Strategies
 - D) Outsources Operations
10. The problem-solving process begins with:
- A) Clarification of the Situation
 - B) Establishment of alternatives
 - C) Identification of the difficulty
 - D) Isolation of the cause
11. Which Woman entrepreneur established VLCC:
- A) Meenu Bindra
 - B) Ritu Kumar
 - C) Anita Roddick
 - D) None of the above
12. How much turnover per annum is associated with small enterprise in India:
- A) Up to 3 crore
 - B) Up to 5 crore
 - C) Up to 1 crore
 - D) None of the above**

Section-IV (English-III)

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**Section-II (Operations Research and Auditing & Secretarial
Practice)**

3. The difference between total float and head event slack is:
 - A) Free float
 - B) Independent float
 - C) Interference float
 - D) Linear float

4. The objective of network analysis is to:
 - A) Minimize total project duration
 - B) Minimize total project cost
 - C) Minimize production delays, interruption and conflicts
 - D) Maximize total project duration

5. The institute of Company Secretaries of India is set up under:
 - A) Companies Act, 1956
 - B) Act of Parliament
 - C) Companies Act, 2013
 - D) Act of State Legislature

6. is a systematic examination of the books and records of a business:
 - A) Auditing
 - B) Vouching
 - C) Verification
 - D) Checking

Section-III (Indian Penal Code-I and Indian Penal Code-II)

7. Which of the following questions is not properly matched:
- | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| A) Mehboob Shah versus Emperor | Common Intention |
| B) Basdev versus State of Pepsu | Abetment |
| C) Naushad versus State of UP | Consent |
| D) Rupan Deol Bajaj versus KPS Gill | Trivial Act |
8. What is not true about offence of sedition:
- It is offence against State
 - Section was inserted in IPC in 1870
 - It was abolished by 42nd amendment of constitution
 - The word “disaffection” used in section means feeling of disloyalty and enmity
9. Removal of ornaments from a dead body lying near a road amount to:
- No offence
 - Theft
 - Robbery
 - Criminal Misappropriation
10. Landmark case related to clause 3 of section 300 is:
- Reg versus Govinda
 - Virsa Singh versus State of Punjab
 - Inder Singh Bagga Singh versus State of Pepsu
 - Sakshi versus Union of India

Section-IV (Criminal Procedure Code-I and Criminal Procedure Code-II)

11. Bail is provided under which provision of CrPc:
- Section 427
 - Section 436
 - Section 435
 - Section 456
12. What is the maximum period of detention allowed for police custody without court order:
- 12 hours
 - 48 hours
 - 24 hours
 - 72 hours
13. Which provision deals with Plea Bargaining:
- Section 269 A CrPc
 - Section 265B CrPc
 - Section 236 N CrPc
 - Section 287 B CrPc

14. The Plea Autrefois Acquit arises when:
- A) A person is acquitted again for an offence
 - B) A person is convicted again for an offence
 - C) A person is tried again for the same offence
 - D) None of them

Section-V (Alternate Dispute Resolution and Administrative Law)

15. Which of the following is an accurate statement of the courts powers in relation to Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR):
- A) The court can force parties to engage in ADR
 - B) The court cannot force parties to engage in ADR and has no power to sanction them for failing to do so
 - C) The court cannot force parties to engage in ADR but does have the power to sanction them for failing to do so
 - D) None of the options given is correct
16. A conciliator is appointed:
- A) By the parties to the dispute
 - B) By the Chief Justice of the high court
 - C) By the Civil Court
 - D) None of the above
17. Which statement is INCORRECT? The principles of natural justice:
- A) Depend upon the facts and circumstances of each particular case and its application depends upon the nature of the jurisdiction conferred on the administrative authority, upon the character of the rights of the persons affected, the scheme and policy of the statute and other relevant circumstances disclosed in a particular case
 - B) Enables the Judiciary to act as the custodian of the Constitution by defending its principles.
 - C) Rules of natural justice are embodied always expressly in a statute or in rules framed there under.
 - D) Serves as a redressal mechanism for any grievances related to unfairness of a decision by law.
18. Administrative law is the law relating to the powers and procedures of administrative bodies, particularly the right to judicial review of administrative acts .Tick the INCORRECT answer in case of Judicial review of administrative action:
- A) A court of law is not exercising appellate power and it cannot substitute its opinion for the opinion of the authority deciding the matter

- B) The grounds for judicial review in India are Jurisdictional Error, Irrationality, Procedural Impropriety, Proportionality, and Legitimate Expectation.
- C) Judicial review is concerned with reviewing not the merits of the decision in support of which the application for judicial review is made, but the decision-making process itself.
- D) The scope of judicial review of administrative action is very broad and the judicial review jurisdiction is not supervisory rather it empowers the courts to come to a different opinion as to the administrative action under review and decide the case on merits.

Section-VI (Law of Property (common with Property Law Including Transfer of Property Act 1882))

19. The Transfer of Property Act 1882 received the assent of the Governor General on:
- A) 17th February, 1882
 - B) 18th February, 1882
 - C) 19th February, 1882
 - D) 20th February, 1882
20. The Transfer of Property Act 1882 came into force:
- A) 15th July, 1882
 - B) 20th July, 1882
 - C) 1st July, 1882
 - D) 18th July, 1882

Important Dates and Information for Entrance Test
PU- B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) and B.Com. LL.B. (Hons.) Migration Entrance Test -
2023

1.	Date of Availability of Prospectus and Entrance Test Form on the website http://uglawmigration.puchd.ac.in	11-12-2023 (Monday)
2.	Last date for submission of information on the website to generate the Login & Password	07-01-2024 (Sunday)
3.	Last date for deposit of fee through Online mode	09-01-2024(Tuesday)
4.	Last date for uploading of photograph, signature with rest of the information on the website	11-01-2024 (Thursday)
5.	Last date for submission of printout of form alongwith required documents for claiming the concession of Entrance Test Fee for SC/ST/PwD/PU Employee to Assistant Registrar, CET Cell, Aruna Ranjit Chandra Hall, Panjab University, Chandigarh-160014 by registered post/speed post or by hand.	16-01-2024 (Tuesday)
6.	Final date by which Roll No. will be availability Online Admit Card required to be downloaded from website by the candidate using their own Login and Password. There will be no physical communication for this purpose.	16-01-2024 (Tuesday)
7.	Candidates who have not completed their form but have paid their requisite fee, can complete their form (10:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.) by paying late fee of Rs. 500/-	18-01-2024 (Thursday)
8.	Final date by which Admit Card/Roll Nos. will be issued manually by CET-CELL to the candidates who have completed their form by paying late fee of Rs. 500/-.	18-01-2024 (Thursday)
9.	Date & Time of holding of Entrance Test	21-01-2024 (Sunday)
10.	Centre for Entrance Test	Chandigarh only
11.	Uploading of Answer Key (at http://exams.puchd.ac.in/show-noticeboard.php) and inviting Objections (through e-mail only to arcet@pu.ac.in)	29-01-2024 (Monday)
12.	Last date of submission of objections to the Answer Key	31-01-2024 (Wednesday)
13.	Uploading of the response to the Objections and inviting Cross-objections (through e-mail only)	05-02-2024 (Monday)
14.	Last day of submission of Cross-objections to the Answer key	07-02-2024 (Wednesday)
15.	Date of declaration of result	16-02-2024 (Friday)
16.	Dates of counselling	Notified later on at websites of respective department/institution /regional centres

List of papers to be checked by the candidates applying for migration					
Migration for 3rd semester of BALLB (Hons.) 2023-24			Migration for 3rd semester of BComLLB (Hons.) 2023-24		
Semester - Ist of 2022-23			Semester - Ist of 2022-23		
Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject	Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject
1	I	English - I	1	I	English - I
2	II	History - I	2	II	Business Economics - I
3	III	Political Science - I	3	III	Principles of Financial Accounting
4	IV	Sociology - I	4	IV	Banking & Insurance
5	V	Law of Torts including Motor Vehicle Accident Act and Consumer Protection Laws	5	V	Law of Torts including Motor Vehicle Accident Act and Consumer Protection Laws
6	VI	Law of Contract	6	VI	Law of Contract
Semester - 2nd of 2022-23			Semester - 2nd of 2022-23		
Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject	Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject
1	I	English - II	1	I	English - II
2	II	History - II	2	II	Business Economics - II
3	III	Political Science - II	3	III	Corporate Accounting
4	IV	Sociology - II	4	IV	Business Mathematics & Statistics
5	V	Jurisprudence	5	V	Jurisprudence
6	VI	Special Contract	6	VI	Special Contract

Migration for 5th semester of BALLB (Hons.) 2023-24			Migration for 5th semester of BComLLB (Hons.) 2023-24		
Semester - 1st of 2021-22			Semester - 1st of 2021-22		
Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject	Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject
1	I	English - I	1	I	English - I
2	II	History - I	2	II	Business Economics - I
3	III	Political Science - I	3	III	Principles of Financial Accounting
4	IV	Sociology - I	4	IV	Banking & Insurance
5	V	Law of Torts including Motor Vehicle Accident Act and Consumer Protection Laws	5	V	Law of Torts including Motor Vehicle Accident Act and Consumer Protection Laws
6	VI	Law of Contract	6	VI	Law of Contract
Semester - 2nd of 2021-22			Semester - 2nd of 2021-22		
Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject	Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject
1	I	English - II	1	I	English - II
2	II	History - II	2	II	Business Economics - II
3	III	Political Science - II	3	III	Corporate Accounting
4	IV	Sociology - II	4	IV	Business Mathematics & Statistics
5	V	Jurisprudence	5	V	Jurisprudence
6	VI	Special Contract	6	VI	Special Contract
Semester - 3rd of 2022-23			Semester - 3rd of 2022-23		
Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject	Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject
1	I	History - III	1	I	Cost Accounting
2	II	Sociology - III	2	II	Indian Economy
3	III	Economics-I	3	III	Management Concepts & Practices
4	IV	English-III	4	IV	English-III
5	V	Constitutional Law-I	5	V	Constitutional Law-I
6	VI	Family Law-I	6	VI	Family Law-I
Semester - 4th of 2022-23			Semester - 4th of 2022-23		

Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject		Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject
1	I	Legal History		1	I	Functional Management
2	II	Political Science - III		2	II	Financial Management
3	III	Economics-II		3	III	Entrepreneurship & Small Scale Business
4	V	Constitutional Law-II		4	V	Constitutional Law-II
5	VI	Family Law-II		5	VI	Family Law-II
		Any One Out of Below Mentioned Three Languages				Any One Out of Below Mentioned Three Languages
6	IV (a)	Hindi-I		6	IV (a)	Hindi-I
	IV (b)	Punjabi-I			IV (b)	Punjabi-I
	IV (c)	French-I			IV (c)	French-I

Migration for 7th semester of BALLB (Hons.) 2023-24			Migration for 7th semester of BComLLB (Hons.) 2023-24		
Semester - Ist of 2020-21			Semester - Ist of 2020-21		
Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject	Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject
1	I	English - I	1	I	English - I
2	II	History - I	2	II	Business Economics - I
3	III	Political Science - I	3	III	Principles of Financial Accounting
4	IV	Sociology - I	4	IV	Banking & Insurance
5	V	Law of Torts including Motor Vehicle Accident Act and Consumer Protection Laws	5	V	Law of Torts including Motor Vehicle Accident Act and Consumer Protection Laws
6	VI	Law of Contract	6	VI	Law of Contract
Semester - 2nd of 2020-21			Semester - 2nd of 2020-21		
Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject	Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject
1	I	English - II	1	I	English - II
2	II	History - II	2	II	Business Economics - II
3	III	Political Science - II	3	III	Corporate Accounting
4	IV	Sociology - II	4	IV	Business Mathematics & Statistics
5	V	Jurisprudence	5	V	Jurisprudence
6	VI	Special Contract	6	VI	Special Contract
Semester - 3rd of 2021-22			Semester - 3rd of 2021-22		

Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject		Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject
1	I	History - III		1	I	Cost Accounting
2	II	Sociology - III		2	II	Indian Economy
3	III	Economics-I		3	III	Management Concepts & Practices
4	IV	English-III		4	IV	English-III
5	V	Constitutional Law-I		5	V	Constitutional Law-I
6	VI	Family Law-I		6	VI	Family Law-I
Semester - 4th of 2021-22				Semester - 4th of 2021-22		
Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject		Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject
1	I	Legal History		1	I	Functional Management
2	II	Political Science - III		2	II	Financial Management
3	III	Economics-II		3	III	Entrepreneurship & Small Scale Business
4	V	Constitutional Law-II		4	V	Constitutional Law-II
5	VI	Family Law-II		5	VI	Family Law-II
		Any One Out of Below Mentioned Three Languages				Any One Out of Below Mentioned Three Languages
6	IV (a)	Hindi-I		6	IV (a)	Hindi-I
	IV (b)	Punjabi-I			IV (b)	Punjabi-I
	IV (c)	French-I			IV (c)	French-I
Semester - 5th of 2022-23				Semester - 5th of 2022-23		
Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject		Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject
1	II	Law & Social Transformation		1	II	Operation Research
2	III	Indian Penal Code-I		2	III	Indian Penal Code-I
3	IV	Criminal Procedure Code-I		3	IV	Criminal Procedure Code-I
4	V	Alternate Dispute Resolution		4	V	Alternate Dispute Resolution
5	VI	Law of Property (common with Property Law including Transfer of Property Act 1882)		5	VI	Law of Property (common with Property Law including Transfer of Property Act 1882)
		Any One Out of Below Mentioned Three Languages				Any One Out of Below Mentioned Three Languages
6	I (a)	Hindi-II		6	I (a)	Hindi-II
	I (b)	Punjabi-II			I (b)	Punjabi-II
	I (c)	French-II			I (c)	French-II

Semester - 6th of 2022-23			Semester - 6th of 2022-23		
Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject	Sr. No.	Paper No.	Name of Subject
1	I	Research Methodology	1	I	Research Methodology
2	II	Economics-III	2	II	Auditing & Secretarial Practice
3	III	Indian Penal Code-II	3	III	Indian Penal Code-II
4	IV	Criminal Procedure Code-II	4	IV	Criminal Procedure Code- II
5	V	Administrative Law	5	V	Administrative Law
		Any One Out of Below Mentioned Three subjects			Any One Out of Below Mentioned Three Languages
6	VI (a)	Local Self Government	6	VI (a)	Local Self Government
	VI (b)	Interpretation of Statutes & Principles of Legislation		VI (b)	Interpretation of Statutes & Principles of Legislation
	VI (c)	International Criminal Law & International Criminal Court		VI (c)	International Criminal Law & International Criminal Court